

K131599

510(k) SUMMARY

JUL 05 2013

Submitted By: Quidel Corporation
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Submission Contact: John D. Tamerius, Ph.D.

Date Prepared: May 31, 2013

Device Trade Name: QuickVue® Influenza test

Common Name: Influenza immunological test

Predicate Devices: QuickVue Influenza test

Device Classification/Name: 21 CFR 866.3330 / Influenza virus serological reagents

These tests are used to aid in the diagnosis of influenza and provide epidemiological information on influenza (21 CFR 866.3330). The Food and Drug Administration has classified serological test systems for the detection of influenza virus as Class I.

Intended Use: The QuickVue Influenza Test allows for the rapid, qualitative detection of influenza type A and type B antigens directly from nasal swab, nasal aspirate, and nasal wash specimens. The test is intended for use as an aid in the rapid diagnosis of acute influenza virus infection. The test is not intended to detect influenza C antigens. Negative test results should be confirmed by cell culture; they do not preclude influenza virus infection and should not be used as the sole basis for treatment or other management decisions. The test is intended for professional and laboratory use.

Physiologic Basis of the Test:	Influenza viruses are causative agents of highly contagious, acute, viral infections of the respiratory tract.
	Influenza viruses are immunologically diverse, single-stranded RNA viruses. There are three types of influenza viruses: A, B, and C. Type A viruses are the most prevalent and are associated with most serious epidemics. Type B viruses produce a disease that is generally milder than that caused by type A. Type C viruses have never been associated with a large epidemic of human disease. Both Type A and B viruses can circulate simultaneously, but usually one type is dominant during a given season.
Device Description:	<p>Every year in the United States, on average 5% to 20% of the population contract influenza; more than 200,000 people are hospitalized from influenza complications; and, about 36,000 people die from influenza-related causes. Some people, such as older people, young children, and people with certain health conditions, are at high risk for serious influenza complications.</p>

The QuickVue Influenza Test involves the extraction of influenza A and B viral antigens. The patient specimen is placed in the Extraction Reagent Tube, during which time the virus particles in the specimen are disrupted, exposing internal viral nucleoproteins. After extraction, the Test Strip is placed in the Extraction Reagent Tube where nucleoproteins in the specimen will react with the reagents in the Test Strip.

If the extracted specimen contains influenza antigens, a pink-to-red Test Line along with a blue procedural Control Line will appear on the Test Strip indicating a positive result. If influenza type A or type B antigens are not present, or are present at very low levels, only a blue procedural Control Line will appear.

Device Comparison:

Item	Proposed Device	Predicate Device
Features	QuickVue Influenza test	QuickVue Influenza test
Intended Use	The QuickVue Influenza Test allows for the rapid, qualitative detection of influenza type A and type B antigens directly from nasal swab, nasal aspirate, and nasal wash specimens. The test is intended for use as an aid in the rapid diagnosis of acute influenza virus infection. The test is not intended to detect influenza C antigens. Negative test results should be confirmed by cell culture; they do not preclude influenza virus infection and should not be used as the sole basis for treatment or other management decisions. The test is intended for professional and laboratory use.	The QuickVue Influenza Test allows for the rapid, qualitative detection of influenza type A and type B antigens directly from nasal swab, nasal aspirate, and nasal wash specimens. The test is intended for use as an aid in the rapid diagnosis of acute influenza virus infection. The test is not intended to detect influenza C antigens. Negative test results should be confirmed by cell culture; they do not preclude influenza virus infection and should not be used as the sole basis for treatment or other management decisions. The test is intended for professional and laboratory use.
Read Results	Visual	Visual
Specimen Types	Nasal swab, nasal aspirate, and nasal wash	Nasal swab, nasal aspirate, and nasal wash
Read Result Time	10 minutes	10 minutes
External Controls	Test kit contains Positive and Negative Control swabs	Test kit contains Positive and Negative Control swabs

Summary of Performance Data:

An analytical study was performed to assess the ability of the QuickVue Influenza test to detect the influenza A virus H7N9 (A/Anhui/1/2013) and establish the Limit of Detection.

Conclusion:

The results of this study show that QuickVue Influenza test detects H7N9 with a minimum detectable level of 1.98×10^7 Egg Infective Dose (EID_{50})/mL. The QuickVue Influenza test is substantially equivalent with the current QuickVue Influenza test.



DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES

Public Health Service

Food and Drug Administration
10903 New Hampshire Avenue
Document Control Center - WO66-G609
Silver Spring, MD 20993-0002

JOHN D. TAMERIUS
SENIOR VICE PRESIDENT OF CLINICAL AND REGULATORY AFFAIRS
QUIDEL CORPORATION
10165 MCKELLAR COURT
SAN DIEGO CA 92121

July 5, 2013

Re: K131599

Trade/Device Name: QuickVue® Influenza test
Regulation Number: 21 CFR 866.3330
Regulation Name: Influenza virus serological reagents
Regulatory Class: I
Product Code: GNX
Dated: May 30, 2013
Received: June 05, 2013

Dear Dr. Tamerius:

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration. Please note: CDRH does not evaluate information related to contract liability warranties. We remind you, however, that device labeling must be truthful and not misleading.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the Federal Register.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Parts 801 and 809); medical device reporting (reporting of medical device-related adverse events) (21 CFR 803); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820); and if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

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If you desire specific advice for your device on our labeling regulations (21 CFR Parts 801 and 809), please contact the Division of Small Manufacturers, International and Consumer Assistance at its toll-free number (800) 638 2041 or (301) 796-7100 or at its Internet address <http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm>. Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21CFR Part 807.97). For questions regarding the reporting of adverse events under the MDR regulation (21 CFR Part 803), please go to <http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/Safety/ReportaProblem/default.htm> for the CDRH's Office of Surveillance and Biometrics/Division of Postmarket Surveillance.

You may obtain other general information on your responsibilities under the Act from the Division of Small Manufacturers, International and Consumer Assistance at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 796-7100 or at its Internet address <http://www.fda.gov/MedicalDevices/ResourcesforYou/Industry/default.htm>.

Sincerely yours,

Sally A. Hojvat -S

Sally A. Hojvat Ph.D.M.Sc
Director, Division of Microbiology Devices
Office of In Vitro Diagnostics
and Radiological Health
Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

Intended Use

510(k) Number (if known): k131599

Device Name: QuickVue® Influenza test

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Prescription Use X
(Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D)

AND/OR

Over-The-Counter Use _____
(21 CFR 807 Subpart C)

(PLEASE DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE-CONTINUE ON ANOTHER PAGE IF
NEEDED)

Concurrence of CDRH; Office of In Vitro Diagnostics and Radiological Health (OIR)

Tamara V. Feldblyum -S

Division Sign-Off
Office of In Vitro Diagnostics and Radiological Health

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